Partner Leave Policy

1. Policy Statement
The University is committed to helping its staff to balance their family and work commitments. This policy explains what leave is available to you when you become a new parent and wish to support your partner immediately following the birth or adoption of your child.

2. Scope
This policy applies to all employees of the University.

3. Eligibility
You can take partner leave if you expect to have responsibility for the child’s upbringing. You must also be the:
- biological father of the child, or
- spouse or partner of the child’s mother, or
- spouse or partner of the primary carer in an adoption or surrogacy arrangement.

4. Entitlement
4.1 Time off to attend Antenatal Appointments
Pregnant women will have regular appointments with their midwife or GP throughout their pregnancy. You can take paid time off to attend two of these appointments. If you’d like to attend more than two appointments with your partner then you will need to request time off as annual leave, time off in lieu or unpaid leave.

4.2 Time off to attend Adoption Placement Meetings
You can take paid time off to attend two adoption placement meetings. If you’d like to attend more than two meetings with your partner then you will need to request time off using annual leave, time off in lieu or unpaid leave.
4.3 Leave and Pay

You can take up to two weeks’ paid partner leave which must be taken within the first year of your child being born or adopted. You can choose to take your leave as one two-week period, or as two separate weeks. You may start your leave on any day of the week. A week’s leave is equivalent to your normal working week.

You will receive your normal full contractual pay during your two weeks’ leave. This is inclusive of your statutory paternity pay.

4.4 Guaranteed Minimum Hours (GH) Contracts

If you are employed on a guaranteed minimum hours (GH) contract, we will work out your pay during Partner Leave using the statutory calculation and the University’s calculation as set out below. You will be paid whichever calculation is more beneficial to you.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Calculation</th>
<th>Pay during Partner Leave based on:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Statutory Calculation</td>
<td>Your average weekly earnings over the eight week period before the qualifying week (i.e. 15 weeks’ before your baby’s due date) or matching week (i.e. the week when the adoption agency told you and your partner that you had been matched with a child)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>NB. If your baby is born before the qualifying week, the calculation will be based on the eight week period up to the date of birth</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>University Calculation</td>
<td>Your average weekly earnings over the 52 weeks of employment before the qualifying/matching week or your contract period if it is shorter than 52 weeks.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5. Terms and Conditions of Employment

All of your terms and conditions remain in place during your leave.
6. **Stillbirth**

If your baby is stillborn after 24 completed weeks of pregnancy, or doesn’t survive after birth, you are still entitled to take up to two weeks’ leave and pay within the first year of the birth.

In addition to partner leave, it may be appropriate to consider bereavement or compassionate leave through the [Special Leave](#) policy in these circumstances. You should discuss this with your manager who will confirm what support is available to you. You may also find the University’s [counselling service](#) helpful. This is a free and confidential service which is available to all members of staff.

7. **Shared Parental Leave and Pay**

You may be able to take more time off to care for your child in the first year after their birth or placement by taking [Shared Parental Leave](#) (SPL).

If you plan to take SPL, you must take both weeks of partner leave first as your entitlement to partner leave will end when SPL starts.

8. **Links to Other Relevant Policies and Guidance**

You may find it useful to refer to other relevant University policies which you can find on the [HR web pages](#):

- [Shared Parental Leave](#)
- [Special Leave Policy](#)

9. **Policy History and Review**

- **Approval Date:** April 2022
- **Approved By:** HRPDG for CJCNC
- **Date of Next Review:** 1 April 2025
Partner Leave Procedure

1. Requesting Time off for Antenatal Appointments or Adoption Placement Meetings
You should discuss with your manager the dates and times of any appointments you’d like to attend, so that they can consider whether this can be approved. It is helpful to give your manager as much notice as possible. You must enter the appointments you are attending into People and Money and attach your appointment letter or card, where necessary. If you’d like to attend more than two appointments with your partner then you will need to request time off as annual leave, time off in lieu or unpaid leave.

2. Requesting Partner Leave
You must submit your request for partner leave through People and Money. You must do this no later than 4 weeks before your baby is due to be born. Your manager will be notified through People and Money.

If you are adopting a child with your partner, you must submit your leave through People and Money within seven days of your partner (Lead Adopter) receiving formal notification from the adoption agency that they have been matched with a child.

3. Changing your Leave dates
If you wish to change your leave dates, for example because your baby is born early or the adoption placement is postponed, then you must let your manager know as soon as you can and change your dates in People and Money.

4. Annual Leave
You may wish to add annual leave to the beginning or end of your period of partner leave. If so, you must submit your annual leave request through People and Money. Your manager will confirm whether this can be approved.