EASTER BUSH SCIENCE **OUTREACH** CENTRE

rriculum-linked • real-life science • hands-on • cutting-edge technology • ge technology • engaging • fun • STEN ed • real-life science • hands-on • cu ology • engaging • fun • STEM • fe science • hands-on • cuttin a • fun • STEM • curriculum g-edge technology • en inked • real-life sciend ology • engaging • fun eal-life science • hands-on gy • engaging • fun • STEM ife science • hands-on • cuttingaging • fun • STEM • curriculum-li nce • hands-on • cutting-edge techno



THE UNIVERSITY of EDINBURGH Easter Bush Science Outreach Centre

nce •

real-life sc

ence • har

• fun • ST

e • hands-on

un • STEM • curri

s-on • cutting-edge

Get hands-on

with real-life

science

Normal www.ebsoc.ed.ac.uk @EBSOClab

ence • hand

• fun • STEM

cience • hand

fun • STEN



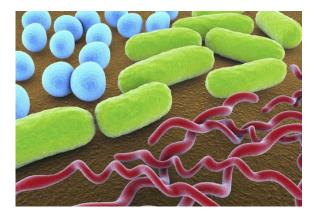
Farm Detectives





What are microorganisms?

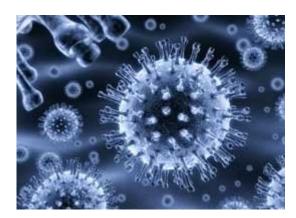




Bacteria



Fungi



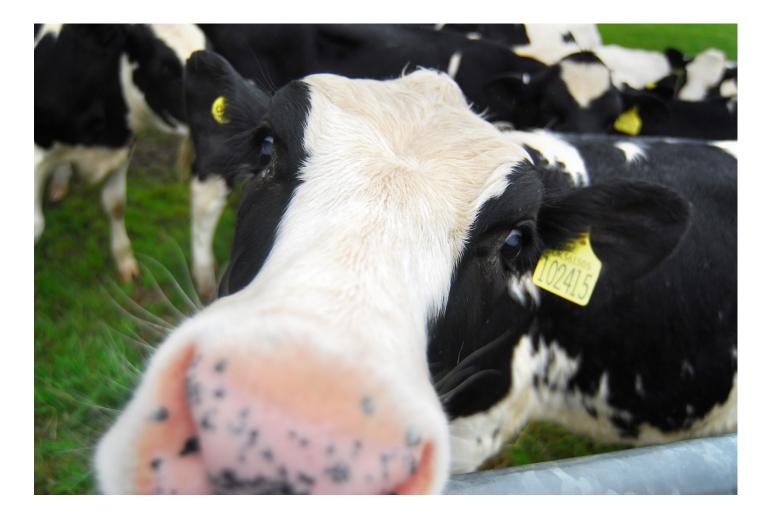
Viruses





There's trouble on the farm!







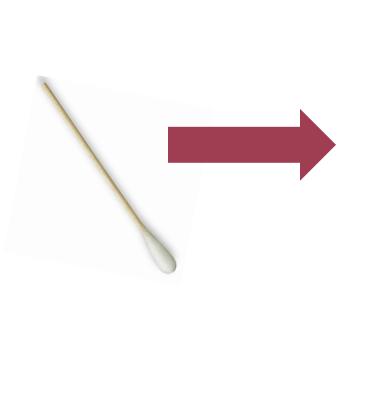








Bacteria Culture







We will grow the bacteria for a few hours at





We need your help!

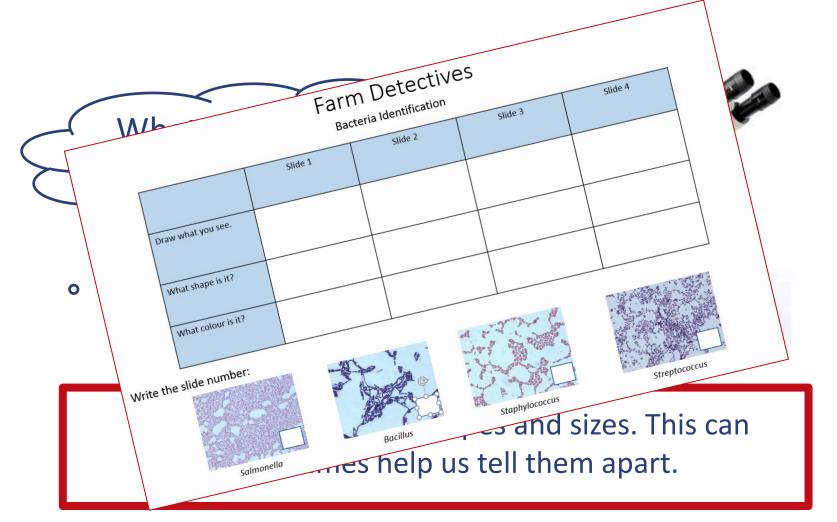
• What caused the illness?





Bacteria Identification









Bacteria Identification





Match the what you see down microscope with the pictures.



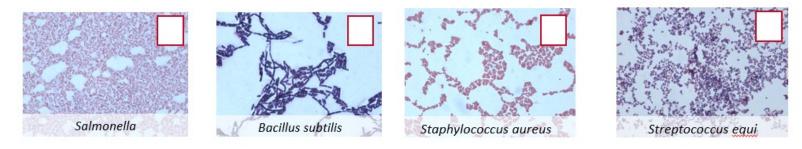


Can you identify the bacteria on each slide?



	Slide 1	Slide 2	Slide 3	Slide 4
Draw what you see				
What shape is it?				
Is it Gram positive or Gram negative?				

Write the number of slide that matches the picture:

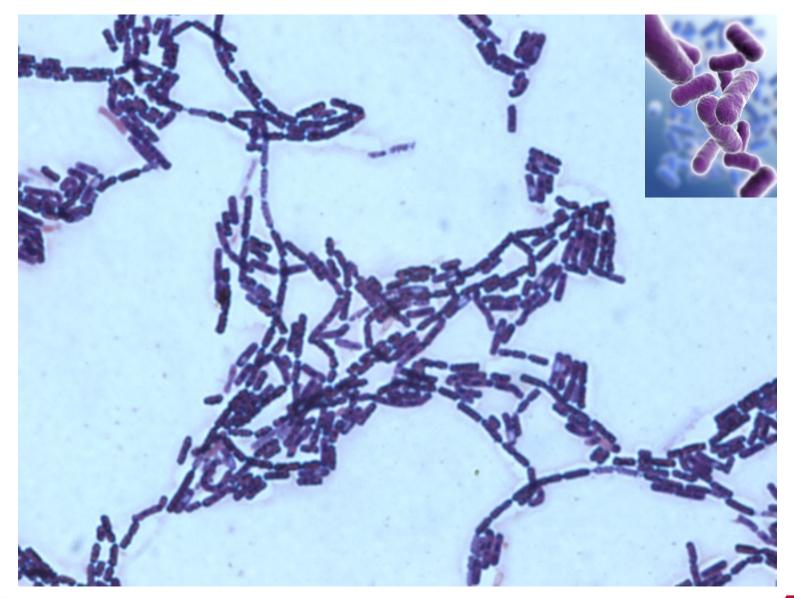




THE UNIVERSITY of EDINBURGH Easter Bush Science Outreach Centre

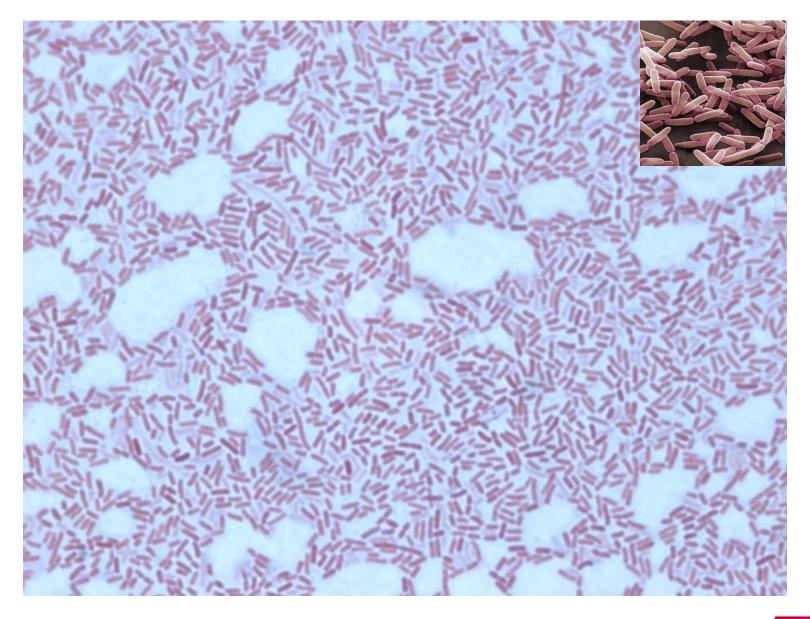






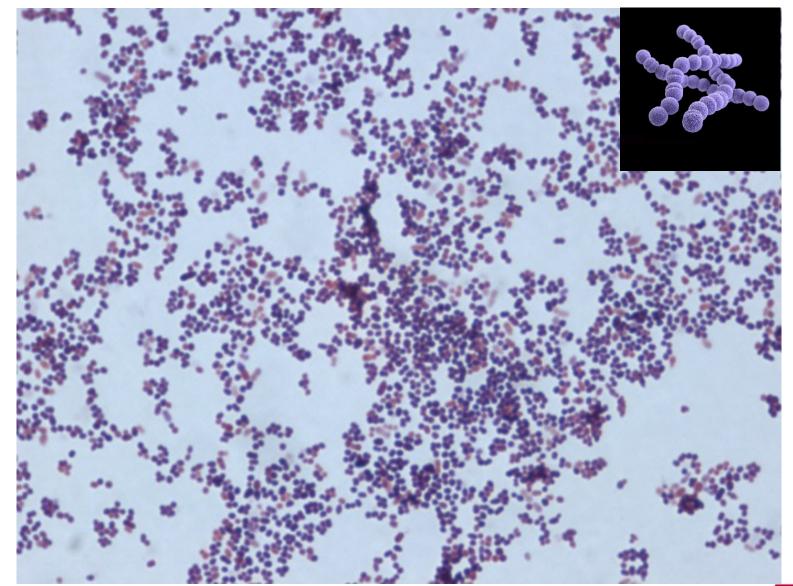






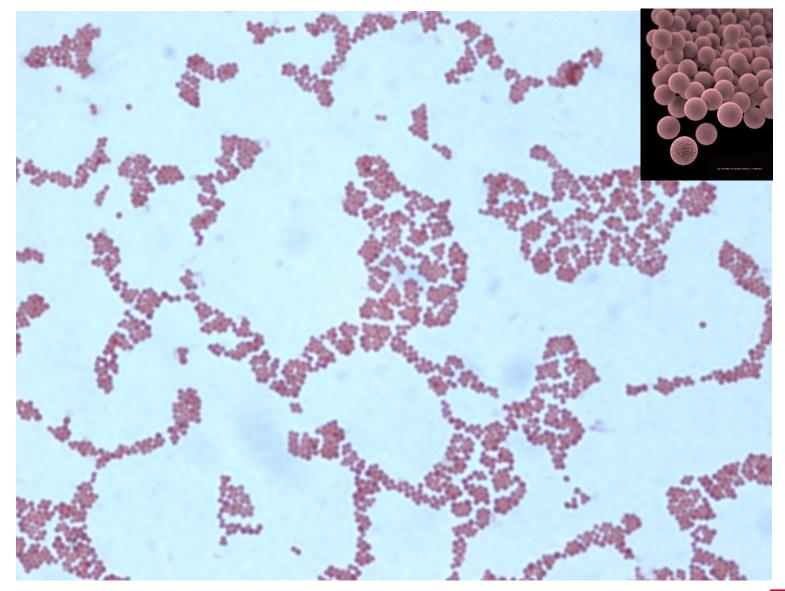








Get hands-on with real-life science





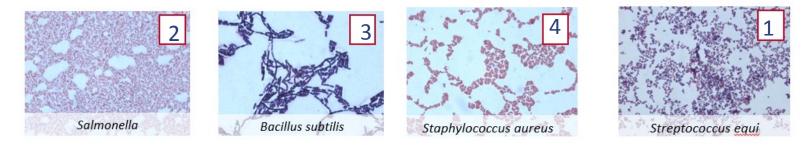
Get hands-on with real-life science

Did you identify the bacteria?



	Slide 1	Slide 2	Slide 3	Slide 4
Draw what you see				
What shape is it?	соссі	rod	rod	cocci
Is it Gram positive or Gram negative?	positive	negative	positive	negative

Write the number of slide that matches the picture:

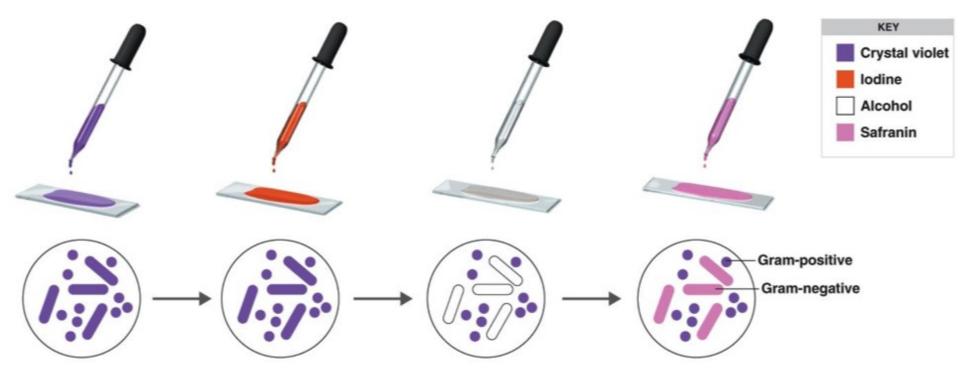








Why were they pink and purple?



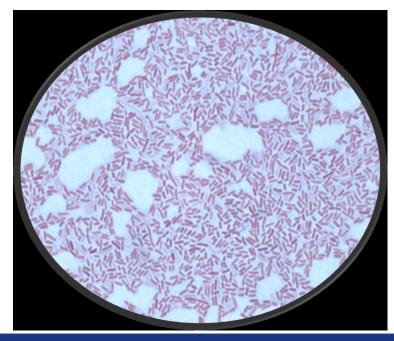
Gram staining is a technique scientists use to identify different bacteria.





What caused our cow's illness?

Bacteria on slide 2 came from our sick cows.









The diagnosis

- Salmonellosis
- Caused by Salmonella bacteria
- Infects:



and humans!











We need your help!

• What caused the illness?

- Where did it come from?
- How did it spread?

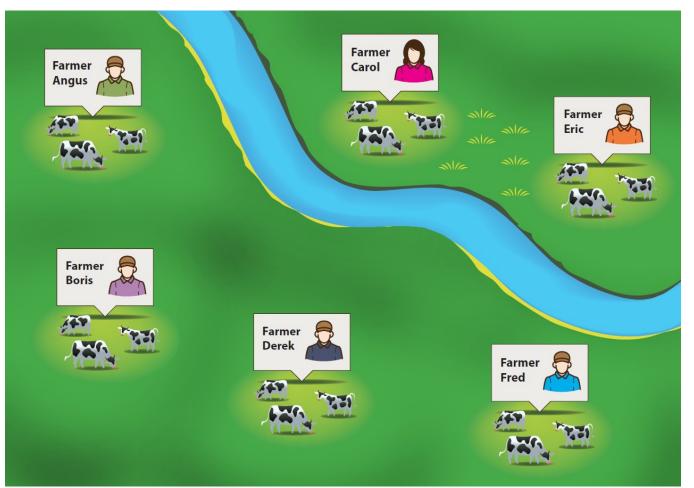




Track the Disease Spread



Farms and Farmers

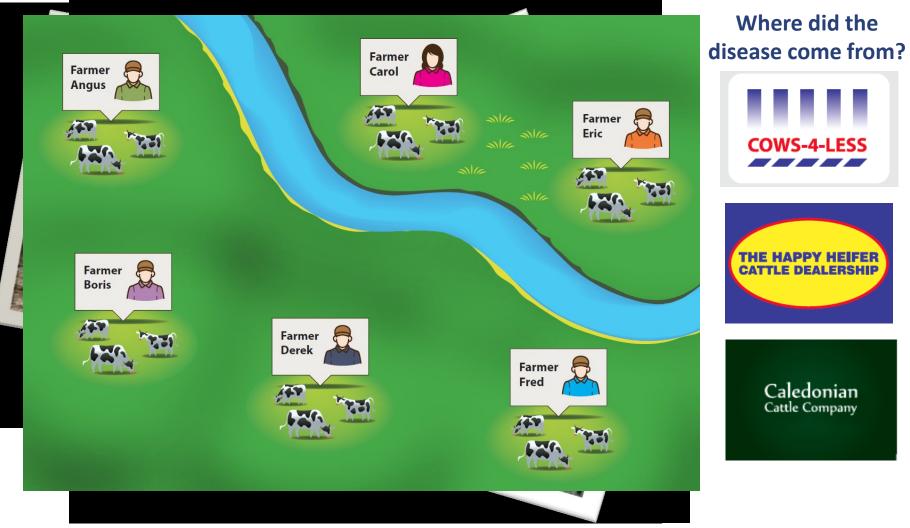






Public Health Investigators



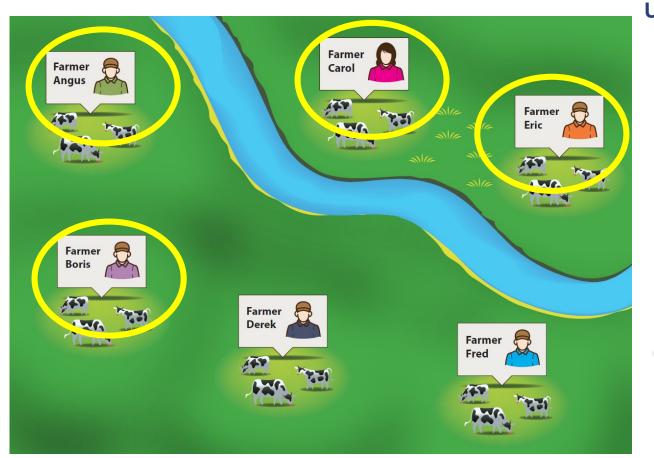






Which farmers have sick cows?





Use the farmers to help you.

I buy all my dairy cattle from Cows-4-Less, because they have the best prices, and I've never had any problems before. But now my cows are infected with a disease!

Farmer Angus



Place the action cards on the

map!







Where did the disease come from?





Use the clue cards to help you:

Heavy rainfall has caused the river to flood some of the cow's grazing fields.

Some bacteria which cause illness can be found in raw meat. Cooking meat properly kills bacteria, however, making the food safe to eat.



THE UNIVERSITY of EDINBUR Easter Bush Science Outreach Centre Get hands-on with real-life science

Where did the disease come from?

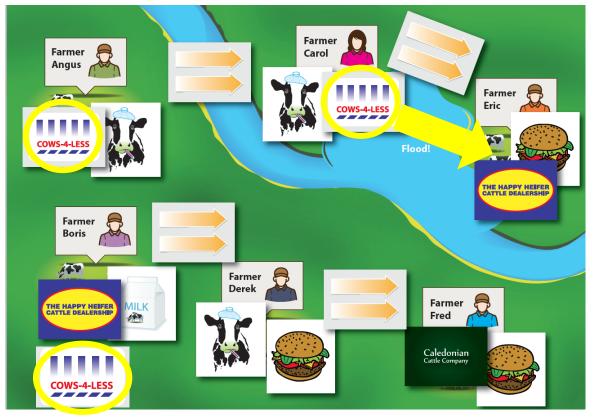


It came from Cows-4-Less.





How did it spread?



It spread to Farmer Eric's cows in the flood

water.





How do bacteria grow and reproduce?

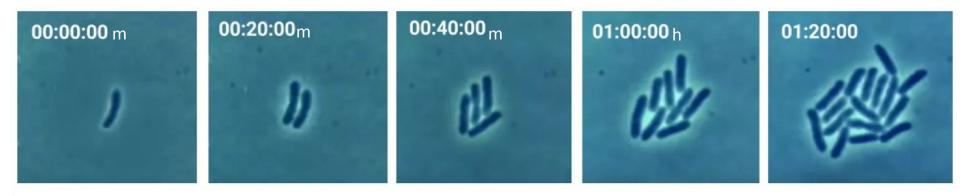


It reproduces by splitting in half.





How fast to bacteria reproduce?



It reproduces every 20 minutes.





Can you work out how many there will be?



You will need





Time Passed (minutes)	Number of Bacteria	
0	1	
20	2	
40	4	
60	8	
80	16	
100	32	





Short break

Remove your gloves and lab coat if leaving the lab.





Safety first!









We need your help!

- What caused the illness?
- Where did it come from?
- How did it spread?



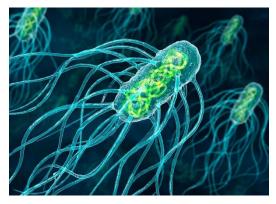
• What type of *Salmonella* is it?



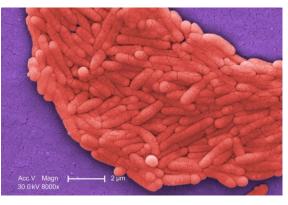


Are all salmonella bacteria the same?

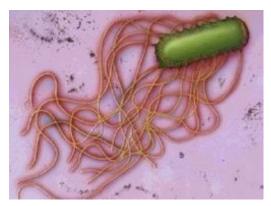




Salmonella typhi



Salmonella gallinarium



Salmonella dublin



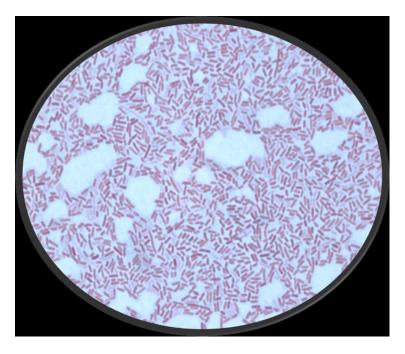
Salmonella typhimurium





Which type of *salmonella* do our cows have?





Salmonella





Agglutination (stick-together) test

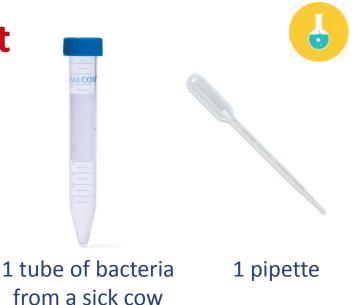
You will need:



4 tubes of liquid



1 plate







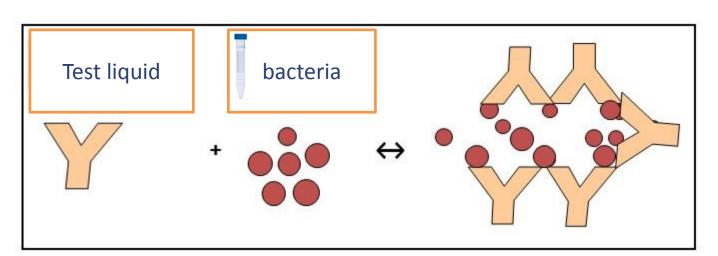
How does the test work?

Test liquidsImage: Salmonella typhiImage: Salmonella gallinariumImage: Salmonella gallinariumSalmonella gallinariumSalmonella gallinariumSalmonella dublin





Salmonella typhimurium





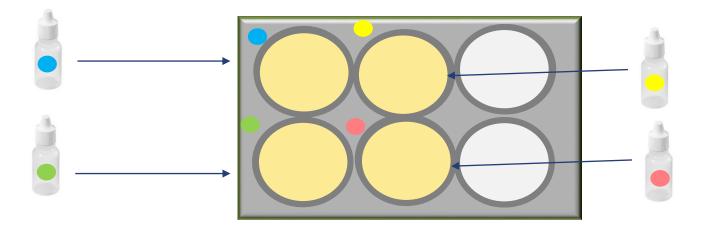




Agglutination (gloopy) test

6

2) Put 5 drops of each liquid into one well.



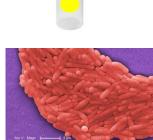




Which test liquid made the bacteria clumpy?

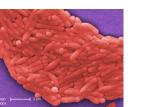














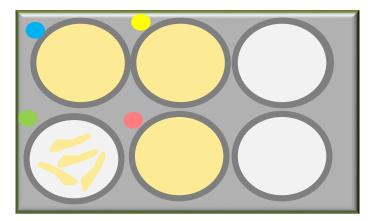


Salmonella typhi

Salmonella gallinarium

Salmonella dublin

Salmonella typhimurium







Which type of *salmonella* do our cows have?



The agglutination test shows our sick cows have got..



Salmonella dublin





We need your help!

- What caused the illness?
- Where did it come from?
- How did it spread?
- What type of *Salmonella* is it?
- What can we do to stop the disease from spreading?





How do bacteria spread?



















THE UNIVERSITY of EDINBURGH Easter Bush Science Outreach Centre



Is this direct or indirect contact with the bacteria?









LUNCH





Meet the Scientists

We need your help!

- What caused the illness?
- Where did it come from?
- How did it spread?
- What type of *Salmonella* is it?
- What can we do to stop the disease from spreading?





•

Have you been contaminated?



Did you touch the giant bacteria?







What do you need to do to get rid of the bacteria on your hands?

 2) Look under the UV light 3) Each person in your group now we nes they nands in a different way: Person 1 Wash your hands with water. Person 2 Wash your hands with soap and water. 	1)Apply 1 togethe		of GLC But first!!! Make a prediction!	Atly rub them	
				in a different way:	
Person 2 Wash your hands with soap and water.	P	Person 1	Wash your hands with water.	1963 1963 10 Sudacean	
	P	Person 2	Wash your hands with soap and water.	STON BASE BLOC AND GENERAL OF AND STOLEN	
Person 3 Wipe your hands with a baby wipe.	P	Person 3	Wipe your hands with a baby wipe.	IS UNDER ULT IS UNDER ULT IS TRAINING OF INC TECHNIQUE INTRAINING INTRIG GOWNING INTRIG GOWNING	
Person 4 Wipe your hands with dry tissue.	F	Person 4	Wipe your hands with dry tissue.	AIDON MRGE CLEANING	





We need your help!

- What caused the illness?
- Where did it come from?
- How did it spread?
- What type of *Salmonella* is it?
- What can we do to stop the disease from spreading?







Can you control disease spreading?

Read the statements then put them in pile ...



















Thank You Farm Detectives



THE UNIVERSITY of EDINBURGH Easter Bush Science Outreach Centre





What did you think?





EASTER BUSH SCIENCE **OUTREACH** CENTRE

rriculum-linked • real-life science • hands-on • cutting-edge technology • ge technology • engaging • fun • STEN ed • real-life science • hands-on • cu ology • engaging • fun • STEM • fe science • hands-on • cuttin a • fun • STEM • curriculum g-edge technology • en inked • real-life sciend ology • engaging • fun eal-life science • hands-on gy • engaging • fun • STEM ife science • hands-on • cuttingaging • fun • STEM • curriculum-li nce • hands-on • cutting-edge techno



THE UNIVERSITY of EDINBURGH Easter Bush Science Outreach Centre

nce •

real-life sc

ence • har

• fun • ST

e • hands-on

un • STEM • curri

s-on • cutting-edge

Get hands-on

with real-life

science

Normal www.ebsoc.ed.ac.uk @EBSOClab

ence • hand

• fun • STEM

cience • hand

fun • STEN