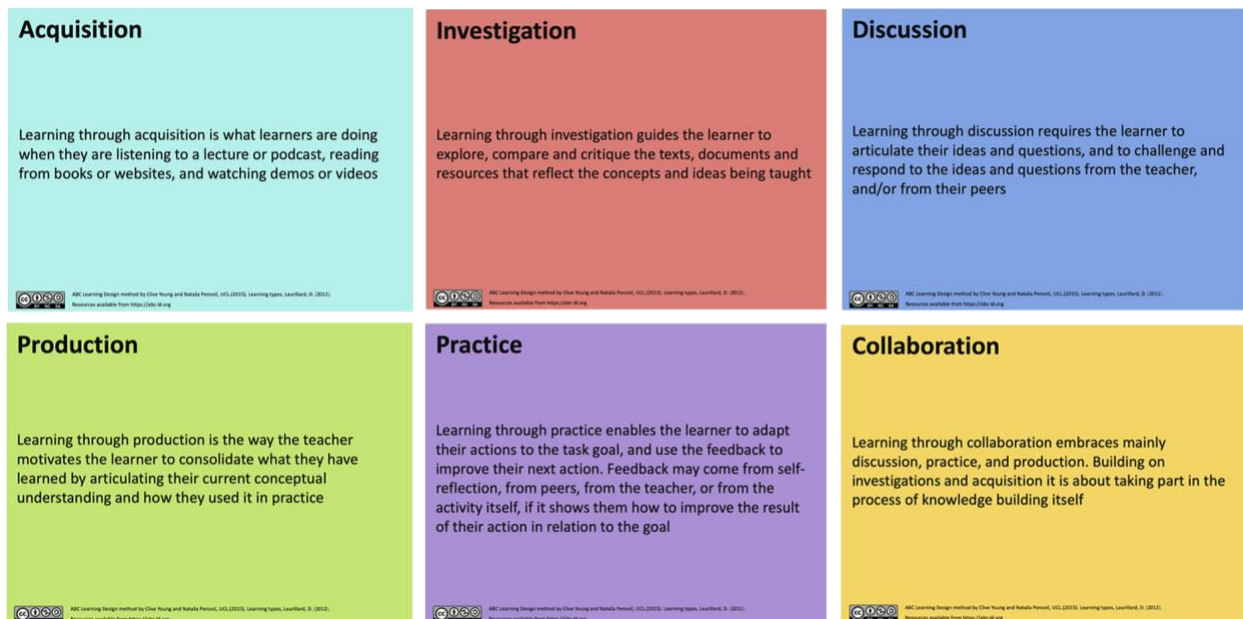


Learning Types - Definitions and Examples



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Acquisition

This is what learners are doing when they are passively taking in information, such as watching or listening.

Examples: Podcast, video (e.g. demonstration, animation, screencast), journal article, webinar, website article.

Production

Learning through production gives learners the opportunity to consolidate what they have learned by articulating their current conceptual understanding and how they used it in practice, through creative activities.

Examples: Presentation, blog or vlog, written report, poster, mood board.

Investigation

Learning through investigation guides the learner to explore, compare and critique the resources that reflect the concepts and ideas being taught.

Examples: Independent research, compare texts, data analysis, literature review, analyse a range of resources.



Practice

Learning through practice enables the learner to adapt their actions to the task goal, and use the feedback to improve their next action.

Feedback may come from self-reflection, from peers, from the course tutor, or from the activity itself.

Examples: Multiple-choice quizzes (MCQs), reflective writing, blog, poll.

Discussion

Learning through discussion requires the learner to articulate their ideas and thoughts, and to challenge and respond to ideas and questions shared by tutors and peers.

Examples: Forum, problem-solving task, Q&A session, social networking.

Collaboration

Learning through collaboration embraces mainly discussion, practice and production.

Building on investigations and acquisition, it is about taking part in the process of knowledge building itself.

Examples: Wiki page, group project, shared digital resource.